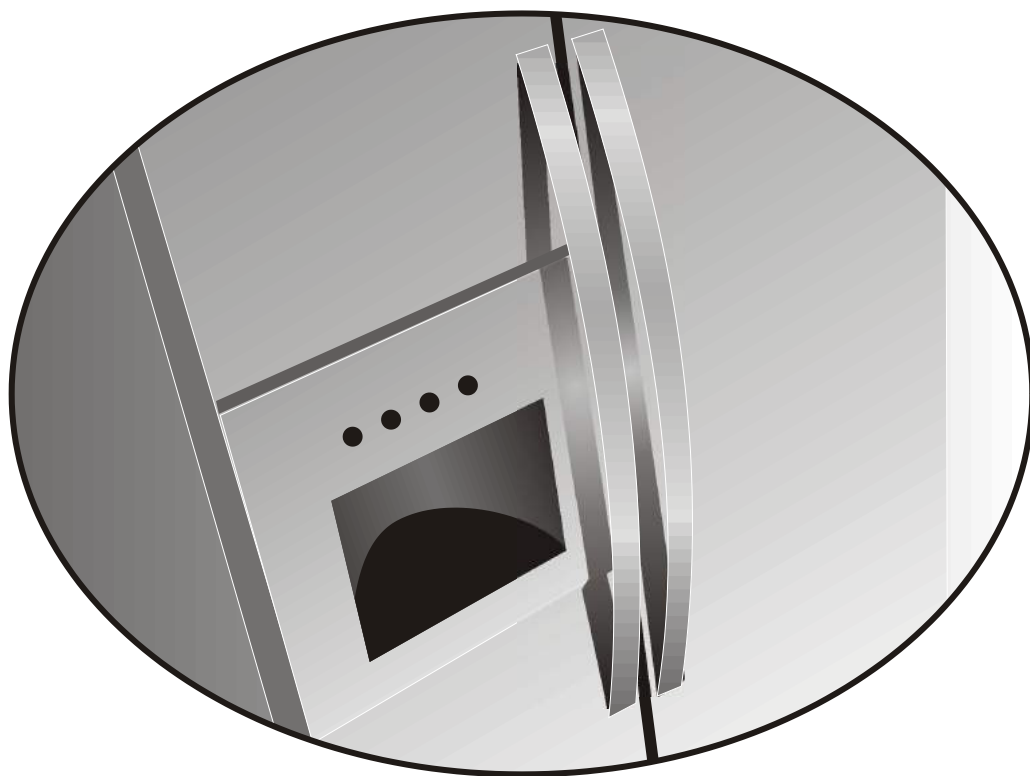


Use & Care Guide
Side-By-Side Refrigerator

Guía de Uso y Cuidado
Refrigerador de dos puertas

Guide d'utilisation et d'entretien
Réfrigérateur à compartiments juxtaposés



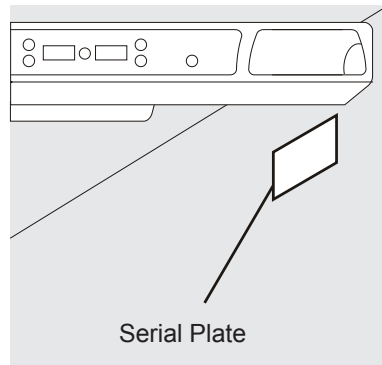
Electrolux | ICON®

Please read and save this guide

Thank you for choosing Electrolux, the new premium brand in home appliances. This Use & Care Guide is part of our commitment to customer satisfaction and product quality throughout the service life of your new appliance.

We view your purchase as the beginning of a relationship. To ensure our ability to continue serving you, please use this page to record important product information.

Keep a record for quick reference



Purchase date

Electrolux model number

Electrolux serial number (see picture for location)



NOTE

Registering your product with Electrolux enhances our ability to serve you. You can register online (at the Internet address below) or by dropping your Product Registration Card in the mail.

Questions?

For toll-free telephone support in the U.S. and Canada: 1-877-4ELECTROLUX (1-877-435-3287)

For online support and Internet production information visit <http://www.electroluxicon.com>

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Important Safety Instructions


WARNING

Please read all safety instructions before using your new refrigerator.

Safety Precautions

Do not attempt to install or operate your unit until you have read the safety precautions in this manual. Safety items throughout this manual are labeled with a Danger, Warning or Caution based on the risk type.

Definitions

 This is the safety alert symbol. It is used to alert you to potential personal injury hazards. Obey all safety messages that follow this symbol to avoid possible injury or death.

DANGER

DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.

WARNING

WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.

CAUTION

CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury.

IMPORTANT

Indicates installation, operation or maintenance information which is important but not hazard-related.

General Safety

- Do not store or use gasoline, or other flammable liquids, near this or any other appliance. Read product labels for warnings regarding flammability and other hazards.
- Do not operate the refrigerator in the presence of explosive fumes.
- Avoid contact with any moving parts of the automatic ice maker.
- Remove all staples from the carton to avoid cut injuries. Staples can also damage finishes if they come in contact with other appliances or furniture.

Child Safety

Packing Materials:

- Packing cartons covered with rugs, bedspreads, plastic sheets or stretch wrap may become airtight chambers and can quickly cause suffocation.
- Destroy or recycle the product's carton, plastic bags, and any other exterior wrapping material immediately after the refrigerator is unpacked. Children should never play with these items.

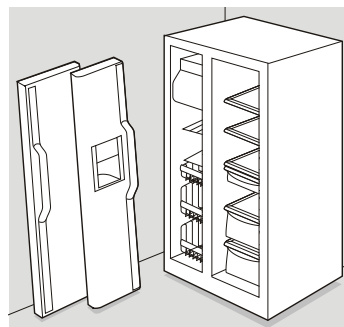
Child Entrapment And Suffocation

- These problems are not limited to the past. Whether junked, abandoned or temporarily stored (even for a few hours), unattended refrigerators and freezers are dangerous. Please take the precautions listed below.

Proper Disposal Of Refrigerators/ Freezers

Before you throw away your old refrigerator/freezer:

- Remove the doors.
- Leave the shelves in place so children may not easily climb inside.
- Have refrigerant removed by a qualified service technician.



Electrical



WARNING

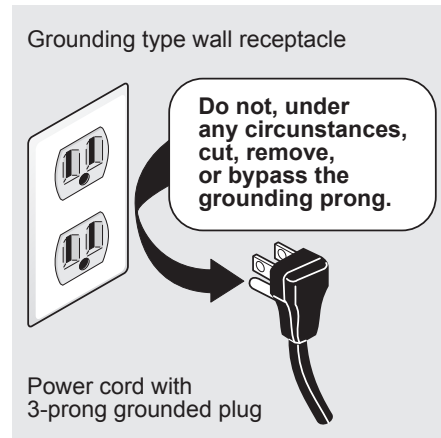
You must follow these guidelines to ensure that your refrigerator's safety mechanisms are operating correctly.

- The refrigerator must be plugged into its own dedicated 115 Volt, 60 Hz., AC-only electric outlet. The power cord of the appliance is equipped with a three-prong grounding plug for your protection against electrical shock hazards. It must be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle. The receptacle must be installed in accordance with local codes and ordinances. Consult a qualified electrician. Do not use an extension cord or adapter plug.
- If the power cord is damaged, it should be replaced by the manufacturer, service technician or a qualified person to prevent any risk.
- Never unplug the refrigerator by pulling on the power cord. Always grip the plug firmly, and pull straight out from the receptacle to prevent damaging the power cord.
- Unplug the refrigerator before cleaning and before replacing a light bulb to avoid electrical shock.
- Performance may be affected if the voltage varies by 10% or more. Operating the refrigerator with insufficient power can damage the compressor. Such damage is not covered under your warranty.
- Do not plug the unit into an outlet controlled by a wall switch or pull cord to prevent the refrigerator from being turned off accidentally.
- Avoid connecting refrigerator to a Ground Fault Interrupter (GFI) circuit.



IMPORTANT

To turn off power to your refrigerator, unplug the power cord from the wall outlet.



This Use & Care Guide provides general operating instructions for your model. Use the refrigerator only as instructed in this Use & Care Guide. Before starting the refrigerator, follow these important first steps.

Location

- Choose a place that is near a grounded electrical outlet. Do Not use an extension cord or an adapter plug.
- If possible, place the refrigerator out of direct sunlight and away from the range, dishwasher or other heat sources.
- The refrigerator must be installed on a floor that is level and strong enough to support a fully loaded refrigerator.
- Consider water supply availability for models equipped with an automatic ice maker.



CAUTION

DO NOT install the refrigerator where the temperature will drop below 55° F (13° C) or rise above 110° F (43° C). The compressor will not be able to maintain proper temperatures inside the refrigerator.

DO NOT block the toe grille on the lower front of your refrigerator. Sufficient air circulation is essential for the proper operation of your refrigerator.

Installation

Installation Clearances

- Allow the following clearances for ease of installation, proper air circulation, and plumbing and electrical connections:

| | |
|-------------|------|
| Sides & Top | 3/8" |
| Back | 1" |



NOTE

If your refrigerator is placed with the door hinge side against a wall, you may have to allow additional space so the door can be opened wider.

Door Opening



NOTE

The refrigerator doors are designed to shut by themselves within a 20 degree opening.

Your refrigerator should be positioned to allow easy access to a counter when removing food. For best use of drawers and freezer baskets, the refrigerator should be in a position where both the refrigerator and freezer doors can be fully opened.

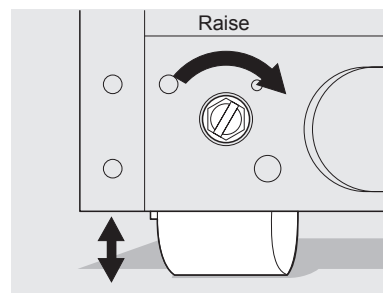
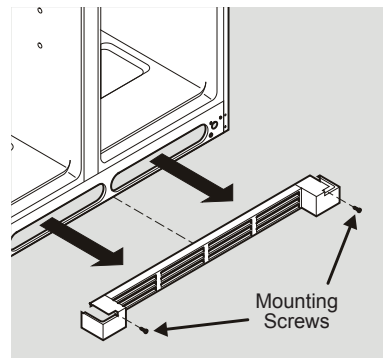
Guidelines for final positioning of your refrigerator:

- All four corners of the cabinet must rest firmly on the floor.
- The cabinet should be level at the front and rear.
- The sides should tilt 1/4-inch (6 mm) from front to back (to ensure that doors close and seal properly).
- Doors should align with each other and be level.

All of these conditions can be met by raising or lowering the adjustable front rollers.

To level the cabinet using the front rollers:

- 1 Open both doors and remove the toe grille by gently pulling forward (see illustration).
- 2 Close the doors and use a flat-blade screwdriver or 3/8-inch socket wrench to raise or lower the front rollers.
- 3 Ensure both doors are bind-free with their seals touching the cabinet on all four sides.



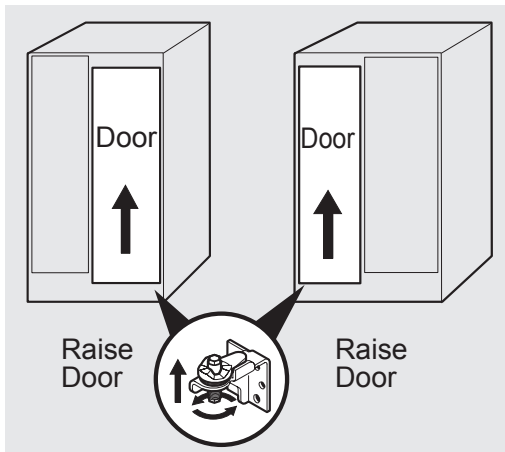
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Installation

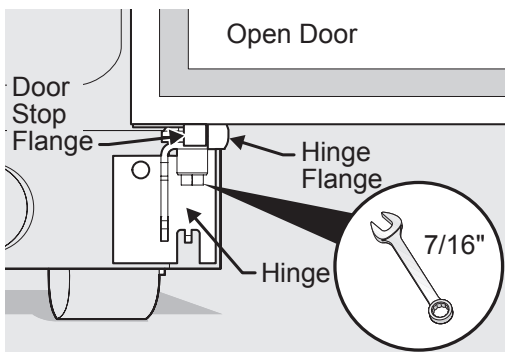
NOTE: Level the unit with the adjustable rollers before leveling the doors.

To level the doors using the adjustable lower hinge (some models):

- 1 If the refrigerator door is lower than the freezer door, raise the refrigerator door by turning the adjustment screw counterclockwise using a $\frac{7}{16}$ inch wrench. (See illustration.)
- 2 If the freezer door is lower than the refrigerator door, raise the freezer door by turning the adjustment screw counterclockwise using a $\frac{7}{16}$ inch wrench. (See illustration.)



- 3 After leveling, verify door stop contacts lower hinge and top of door does not contact upper hinge through full movement of door (from fully closed to fully open).



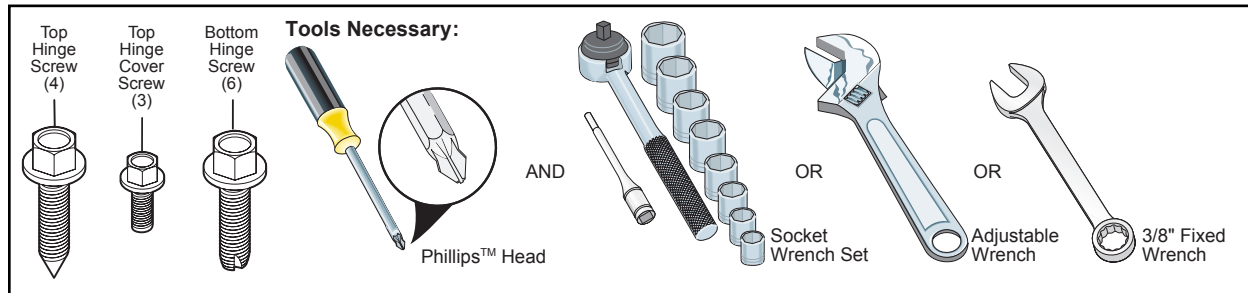
- 4 Replace the toe grille by fitting it into place.

Getting Through Narrow Spaces

If your refrigerator will not fit through an entrance area, you can reduce its size by removing the doors. Check first by measuring the entrance.

Required Tools

You will need the following tools:



To prepare for removing the doors:

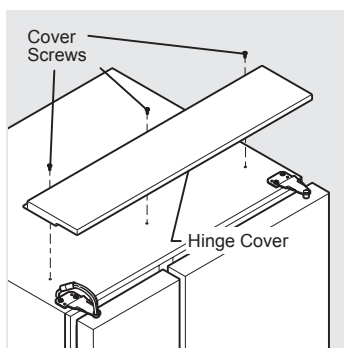
- 1 Make sure the electrical power cord is unplugged from the wall outlet.
- 2 Open both doors and remove the toe grille (as explained in the Installation Instructions that came with your appliance).
- 3 Remove any food from the door shelves.
- 4 Close the doors.

NOTE

For more information on removing the toe grille, please refer to the Installation Instructions.

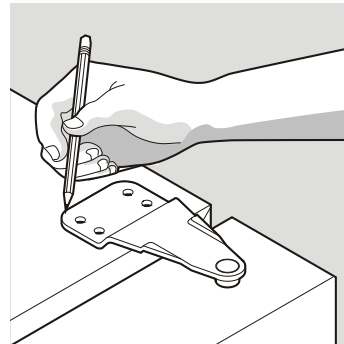
To remove the top hinge cover:

- 1 Remove the three screws from the cover over the top door hinges.
- 2 Pull the cover forward about a half-inch and lift it off.

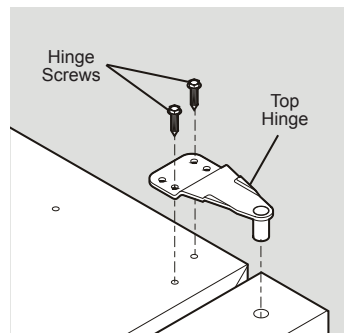


To remove the refrigerator door:

- 1 Trace lightly around the door's top hinge with a pencil. This makes reinstallation easier.



- 2 Remove the two screws from the top hinge. Lift the door off of the bottom hinge and set it aside.

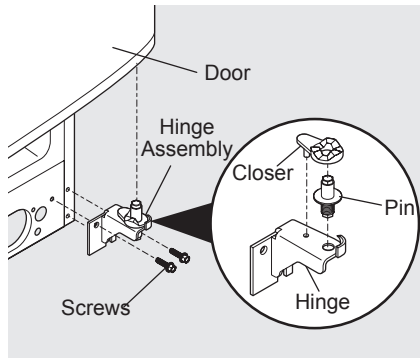


- 3 Remove the two bottom hinge screws and hinge if necessary.

To reinstall the refrigerator door, reverse the above steps. Once both doors are in place, also replace the top hinge cover.

Removing The Doors

- 4 Remove the plastic closer and pin from the lower hinge assembly.

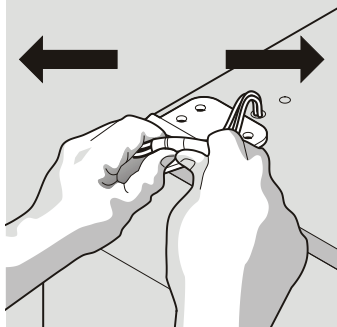


CAUTION

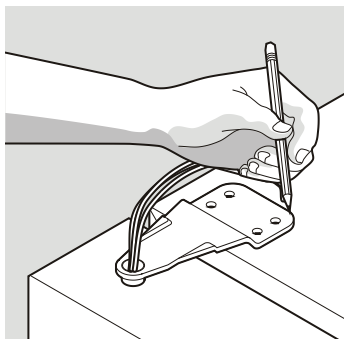
Be sure doors are set aside in a secure position where they cannot fall and cause personal injury.

To remove the freezer door:

- 1 Detach the multi-wire cable connector located above the top hinge. Grasp both sides of the connector firmly and pull apart.



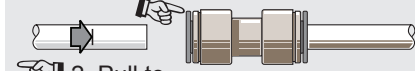
- 2 Trace lightly around the hinge with a pencil. This makes reinstallation easier.



- 3 Detach the water tube from the connector located below the freezer door. The connector releases when you press its outer sleeve inward.

To Disconnect

1. Press outer ring against face of fitting



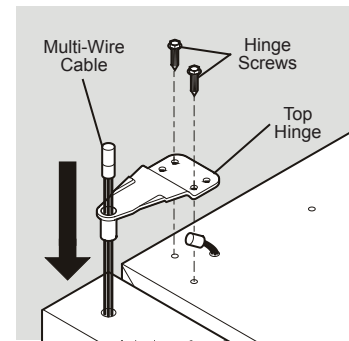
2. Pull to remove tube



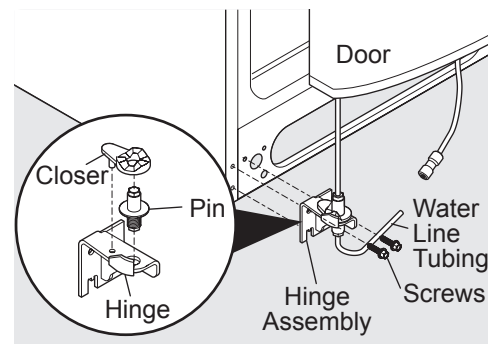
To Connect

- Insert tube and push until mark touches face of fitting

- 4 Remove the screws from the top hinge and pull the multi-wire cable through it. Lift the door off of the bottom hinge.



- 5 Lay the door on its side to avoid damage to the water tube extending from the bottom hinge.
- 6 Remove the plastic closer and pin from the lower hinge assembly.



- 7 Remove the two bottom hinge screws and hinge if necessary.

To reinstall the freezer door, reverse the above steps.

Once both doors are in place, ensure they are aligned with each other and level (Please see To level the doors using the lower hinge in Installation section.), then replace the top hinge cover.



WARNING

To avoid electric shock, which can cause death or severe personal injury, disconnect the refrigerator from electrical power before connecting a water supply line to the refrigerator.



CAUTION

To Avoid Property Damage:

- Copper or Stainless Steel braided tubing is recommended for the water supply line. Water supply tubing made of ¼ inch plastic is not recommended to be used. Plastic tubing greatly increases the potential for water leaks, and the manufacturer will not be responsible for any damage if plastic tubing is used for the supply line.
- DO NOT install water supply tubing in areas where temperatures fall below freezing.
- Chemicals from a malfunctioning softener can damage the ice maker. If the ice maker is connected to soft water, ensure that the softener is maintained and working properly.



IMPORTANT

Ensure that your water supply line connections comply with all local plumbing codes.

Before Installing The Water Supply Line, You Will Need:

- Basic Tools: adjustable wrench, flat-blade screwdriver, and Phillips™ screwdriver
- Access to a household cold water line with water pressure between 30 and 100 psi.
- A water supply line made of ¼ inch (6.4mm) OD, copper or stainless steel tubing. To determine the length of tubing needed, measure the distance from the ice maker inlet valve at the back of the refrigerator to your cold water pipe. Then add approximately 7 feet (2.1 meters), so the refrigerator can be moved out for cleaning (as shown).
- A shutoff valve to connect the water supply line to your household water system. DO NOT use a self-piercing type shutoff valve.
- A compression nut and ferrule (sleeve) for connecting a copper water supply line to the ice maker inlet valve.



NOTE

Check with your local building authority for recommendations on water lines and associated materials prior to installing your new refrigerator. Depending on your local/state building codes, Electrolux recommends for homes with existing valves its Smart Choice® water line kit 5305513409 (with a 6 ft. Stainless Steel Water Line) and for homes without an existing valve, Electrolux recommends its Smart Choice water® line kit 5305510264 (with a 20 ft. Copper Water Line with self-tapping saddle valve). Please refer to www.electroluxicon.com for more information.

To Connect Water Supply Line To Ice Maker Inlet Valve

1. Disconnect refrigerator from electric power source.
2. Place end of water supply line into sink or bucket. Turn ON water supply and flush supply line until water is clear. Turn OFF water supply at shutoff valve.
3. Remove plastic cap from water valve inlet and discard cap.
4. **If you use copper tubing** - Slide brass compression nut, then ferrule (sleeve) onto water supply line. Push water supply line into water valve inlet as far as it will go (¼ inch/6.4 mm). Slide ferrule (sleeve) into valve inlet and finger tighten compression nut onto valve. Tighten another half turn with a wrench; DO NOT over tighten. See Figure 1.
If you use stainless steel tubing - The nut and ferrule are already assembled on the tubing. Slide compression nut onto valve inlet and finger tighten compression nut onto valve. Tighten another half turn with a wrench; DO NOT over tighten. See Figure 2.
5. With steel clamp and screw, secure water supply line (copper tubing only) to rear panel of refrigerator as shown.
6. Coil excess water supply line (copper tubing only), about 2½ turns, behind refrigerator as shown and arrange coils so they do not vibrate or wear against any other surface.
7. Turn ON water supply at shutoff valve and tighten any connections that leak.
8. Reconnect refrigerator to electrical power source.
9. To turn ice maker on, lower wire signal arm (side mounted) or set the ice maker's On/Off power switch to the "I" position (rear mounted).

Connecting The Water Supply

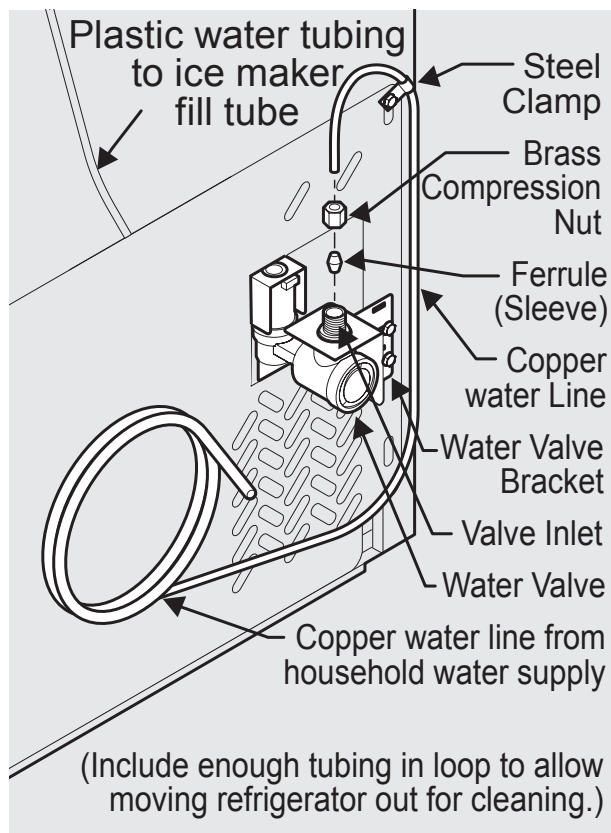


Figure 1

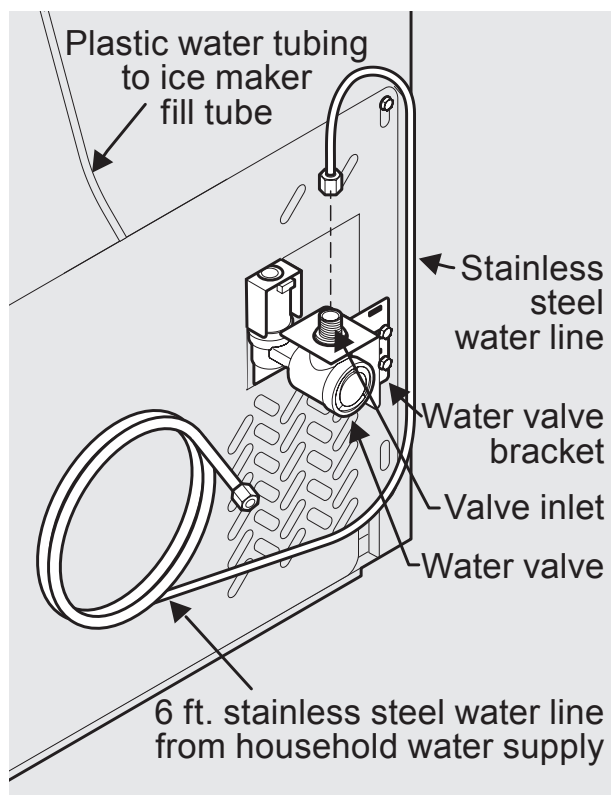


Figure 2

➔ IMPORTANT

After connecting the water supply, refer to “How to Prime the Water Supply System” for important information about priming an empty water supply system.

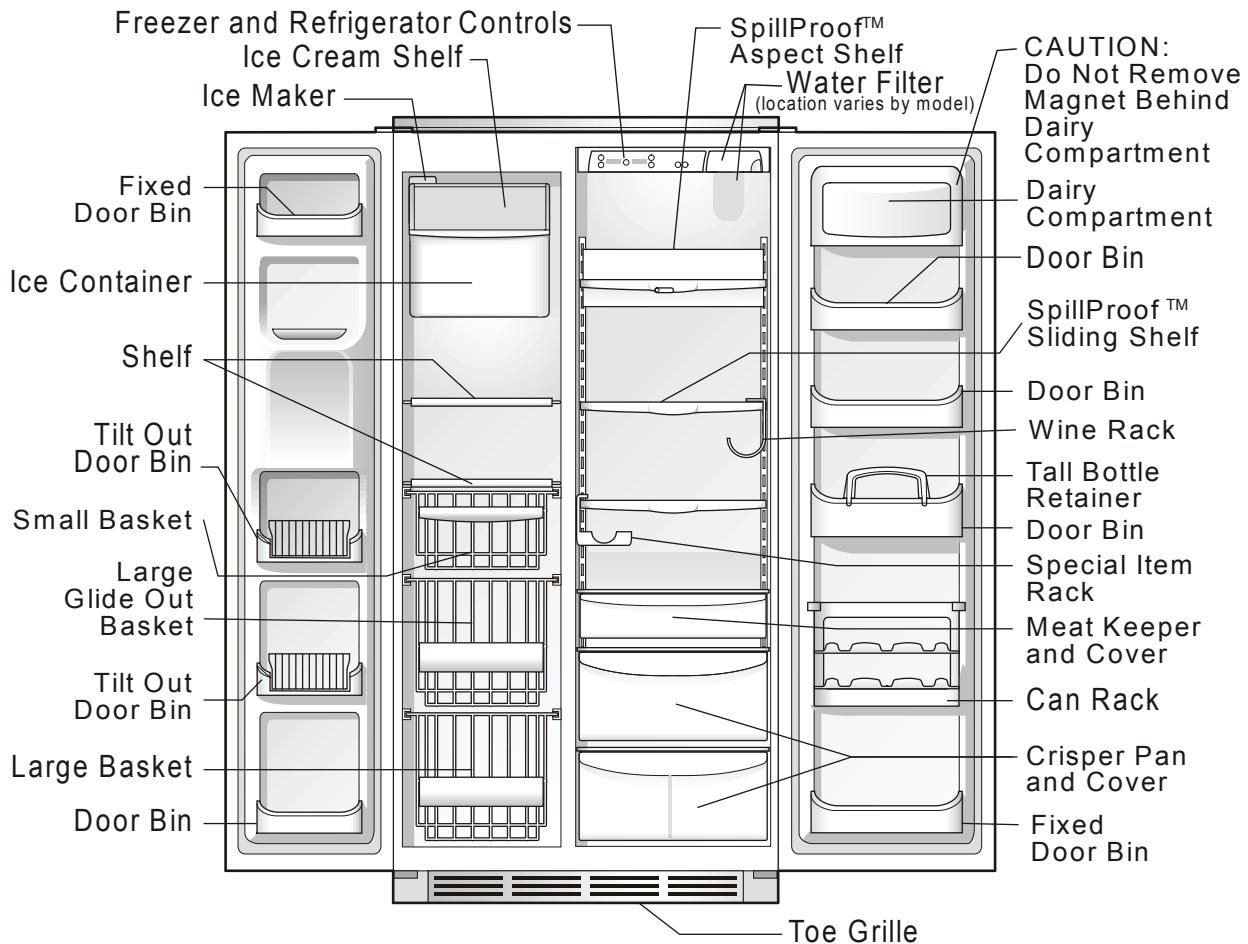
Your refrigerator’s water supply system includes several tubing lines, a water filter, a water valve, and a water tank. To ensure that your water dispenser works properly, this system must be completely filled with water when your refrigerator is first connected to the household water supply line.

Understanding Features And Terms

Your Electrolux refrigerator is designed for optimal convenience and storage flexibility. Use the illustration below to familiarize yourself with product features and terminology.

NOTE

Features may vary according to model.



→ IMPORTANT

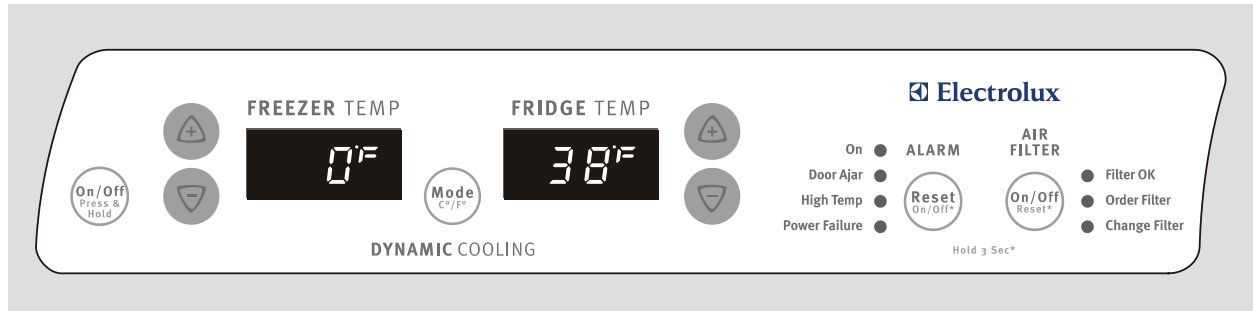
Features not included with your refrigerator can be purchased at www.electroluxicon.com or by calling 1-877-435-3287.

Allowing Cooling Time Before Use

To ensure reliable food storage, allow your refrigerator and freezer to operate with the doors closed for 8 to 12 hours before placing food inside. During this cooling period, you do not need to adjust the controls, which are preset at the factory.

Setting Cooling Temperatures

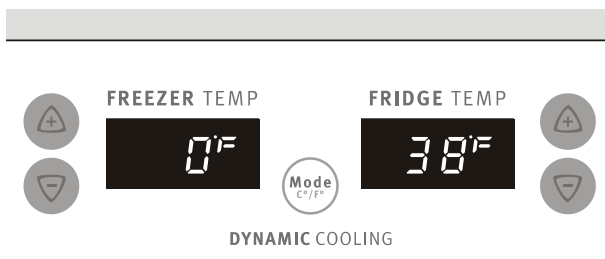
Your refrigerator comes with a state-of-the-art electronic digital control system. The system's control panel is located at the top of the fresh food compartment.



The two digital displays on the left half of the control panel indicate the current temperatures of your freezer and fresh food compartments.

To adjust the temperature to a higher or lower setting, press the Up or Down Arrow button closest to the display. The first time you press the button, the display shows the last setting you entered. Each press of the button after that increments the setting by one degree.

The display shows your new setting momentarily, then changes back to the current temperature.



Choosing Fahrenheit or Centigrade

Depending on which temperature standard you prefer to use, you can set your control panel to display in Fahrenheit or Centigrade. To change between Fahrenheit and Centigrade, press the Mode button (located between the two digital temperature displays).

Making Temperature Adjustments

After running your refrigerator for 24 hours, you can adjust temperatures as needed. Make your adjustments small and gradual, allowing time for temperatures to change and stabilize. Refer to the following guidelines for temperature settings.

Temperature Control Range

| | | Freezer | | Fresh Food | |
|--------|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | | Fahrenheit | Centigrade | Fahrenheit | Centigrade |
| Warmer | Warmest | 6° | -14° | 47° | 8° |
| | Factory Setting | Midpoint | 0° | -18° | 37° |
| Colder | Coldest | -6° | -21° | 33° | 1° |

NOTE

The advanced electronic control system in your refrigerator includes additional display modes that service professionals can use to rapidly diagnose performance issues.

Temperature Adjustment

| | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| If Fresh Food compartment is too warm | Adjust Fresh Food control one degree colder by pressing Down (Colder) button. |
| If Fresh Food compartment is too cold | Adjust Fresh Food control one degree warmer by pressing the Up (Cold) button. |
| If Freezer compartment is too warm | Adjust Freezer control one degree colder by pressing Down (Colder) button. |
| If Freezer compartment is too cold | Adjust Freezer control one degree warmer by pressing the Up (Cold) button. |

What To Do If The Temperature Displays Flash

If ever you see both temperature displays continuously flashing, it may indicate that the control system has detected a performance problem. Call your Electrolux service representative, who can interpret the flashing message.

Turning The Cooling System On And Off

You can disable the cooling system in your refrigerator by pressing the On/Off button located on the left side of the temperature control panel.

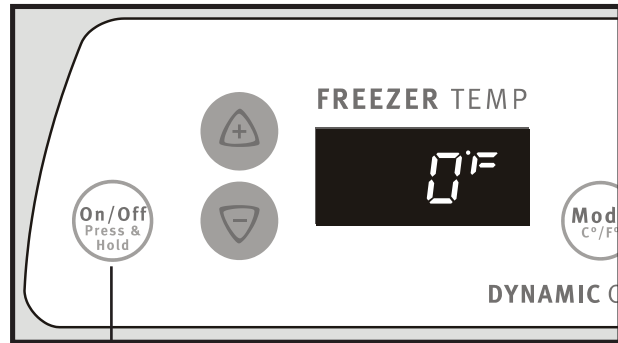
To ensure that you do not accidentally turn off the cooling system, the button does not work unless you press and hold it for three seconds.

Once you disable the cooling system, all refrigeration to the freezer and fresh food compartments stops.

To turn the cooling system back on, you must again press and hold the On/Off button for three more seconds.

Responding to Alarms (Audible Tones & Indicator Lights)

Your refrigerator's control system can convey the following information through audible tones and the alarm indicator lights.



Cooling System On/Off Button

➔ IMPORTANT

The On/Off button only controls your refrigerator's cooling system. Power to lights and other electrical components continues unless you unplug the power cord.

| Alarm Name | Indicator Light | Audible Tones | Condition | How to Respond |
|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---|--|
| On | (light is off) | | Alarm system is not active while Freezer and Fresh Food compartments are cooling toward the current temperature settings. | If Freezer and Fresh Food compartments do not match your temperature settings in three hours, expect the control system to signal other conditions. If cooling down does not stabilize toward your current settings, call 1-877-435-3267 for assistance. |
| On | Steady Green | | Alarm system is active. | No response required. |
| Door Ajar | Flashing Green | ✓ | Freezer or Fresh Food door has been open for over five minutes. | Close door to disable and reset alarm. |
| High Temp | Flashing Amber | ✓ | Freezer or Fresh Food compartment has been too warm (45° F or higher) for over an hour. | Press Alarm Reset button to turn off alarm. If temperatures do not improve call 1-877-435-3267 for assistance. |
| Power Failure | Flashing Amber | | A power outage was detected. | Press Alarm Reset button to turn off alarm and again to reset. Check if the power failure lasted long enough to affect stored food temperatures. |

Using The Alarm Reset Button

You can disable or activate the alarm system by pressing and holding the Alarm Reset button for three seconds. Use it, for example, to turn off audible tones and/or flashing indicator lights.



**Reset
On/Off***



CAUTION

The alarm system does not automatically reset if you disconnect and reconnect your refrigerator's power cord. It can only be reactivated by pressing the Alarm Reset button.

Once you disable the alarm system, you must again press and hold the Alarm Reset button for three more seconds to reset (activate) the alarm system. The On indicator light remains off while the Freezer and Fresh Food compartments cool toward the current temperature settings. When temperature settings are reached, the On light displays green to indicate an active alarm system.

Checking the Air Filter Status (some models)

Your refrigerator's fresh food air filter needs to be replaced from time to time. You can monitor the need for replacement by pressing and holding the Air Filter On/Off button for three seconds.

To check the air filter status:

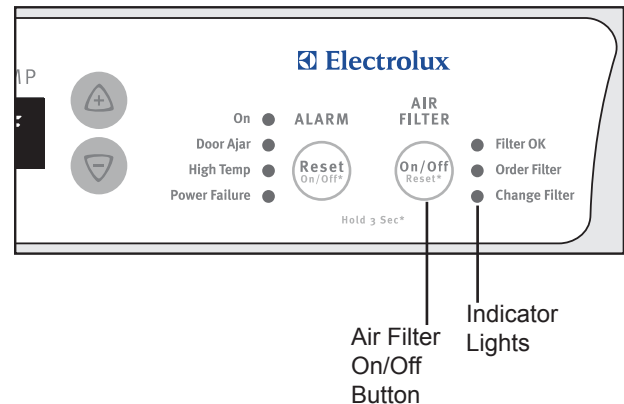
- 1 Press the Air Filter On/Off button. This activates a test cycle, and one of the three filter status lights displays, indicating one of the following:

Filter OK - Air filter does not need changing.

Order Filter - Air filter is about 80 percent used. Please order new one.

Change Filter - Air filter is 100 percent used. Please change now.

- 2 Press the Air Filter On/Off button to turn off the status light.



Cantilever Shelves



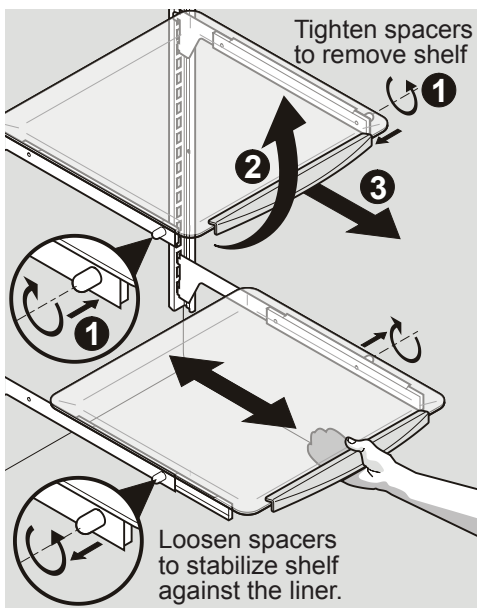
CAUTION

To avoid injury from breakage, handle tempered glass shelves carefully.

You can easily adjust shelf positions in the freezer and fresh food compartments to suit your needs. The shelves have mounting brackets, which attach to slotted supports at the rear of each compartment.

To change the position of a shelf:

- 1 Before adjusting a shelf, remove all food.
- 2 Lift the front edge up.
- 3 Pull the shelf out.
- 4 Replace by inserting the mounting bracket hooks into the desired support slots.
- 5 Lower the shelf and lock into position.



NOTE

The Cantilever Sliding Glass Shelf has spacers (side screws) on the sides of the brackets to securely hold the shelf in place.

To relocate the shelf to a different location, the spacers must be turned in (clockwise). To secure the shelf in a new location, remember to turn the spacers out (counterclockwise) until they touch the sides of the compartment.



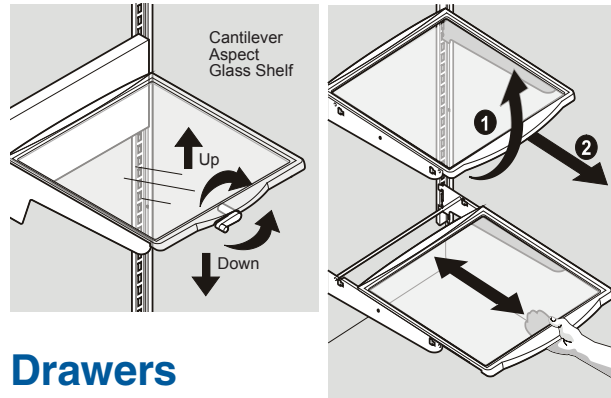
NOTE

Leafy vegetables keep best when stored with the Humidity Control set on Higher Humidity, or in a drawer without a Humidity Control. This keeps incoming air to a minimum and maintains maximum moisture content.

Shelf Features

Your refrigerator includes SpillSafe® glass shelves, which are designed to catch and hold accidental spills. These shelves slide out for easy access to food and faster cleaning.

Sliding shelves can be pulled forward as far as their built-in stops allow. Sliding shelves cannot be separated from their mounting brackets.



Drawers

Your refrigerator includes a variety of storage drawers. These drawers usually are located in fixed positions at the bottom of the fresh food compartment.

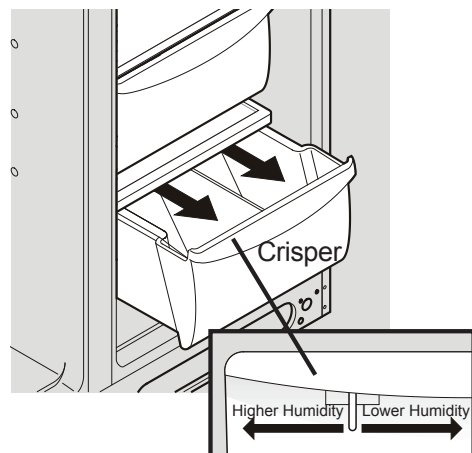
Crispers

Crisper drawers are designed for storing fruits, vegetables, and other fresh produce. Before storing items in a crisper:

- Wash items in clear water and remove excess water.
- Wrap any items that have strong odors or high moisture content.

Crisper Humidity Control

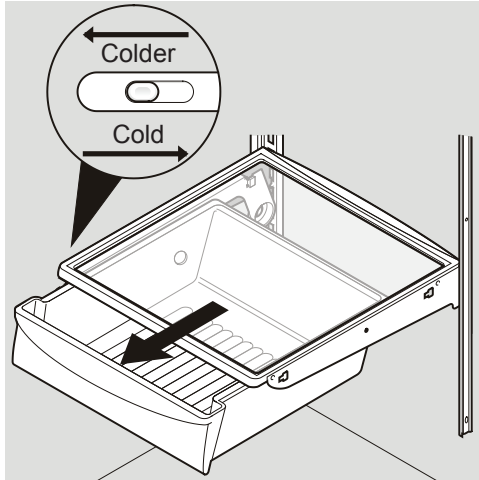
Crisper drawers include a sliding control for adjusting the humidity inside the crisper. This feature can extend the life of certain fresh vegetables that keep longer in high humidity.



Meat Keeper

Some models are equipped with a meat keeper drawer for short term storage of bulk meat items. This drawer includes a sliding control for adjusting the temperature inside.

Any meat to be kept longer than two days should be frozen. If you store fruits or vegetables in this drawer, set it to a warmer temperature to prevent freezing.



Doors

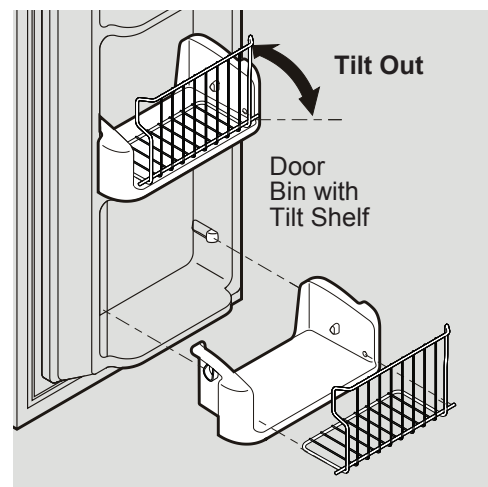
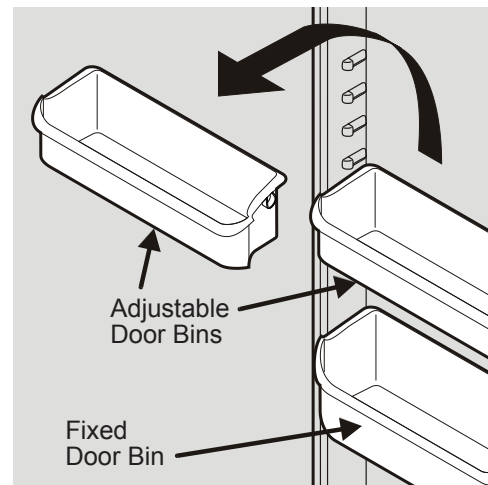
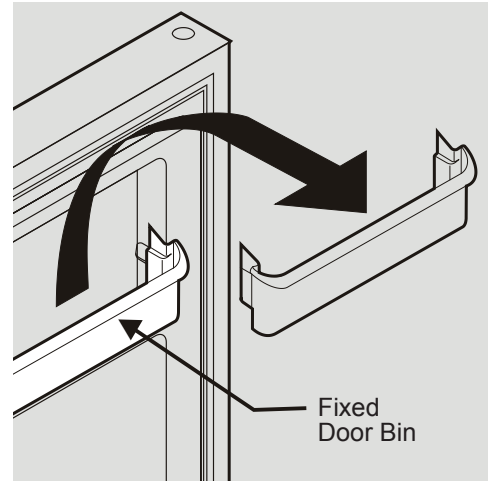
Storage Bins

The doors to your freezer and fresh food compartments use a system of modular storage bins. All of these bins are removable for easy cleaning. Some of them have fixed positions, while others can be adjusted to your needs.

Door bins are ideal for storing jars, bottles, cans, and large drink containers. They also enable quick selection of frequently used items.

To change the position of an adjustable door bin:

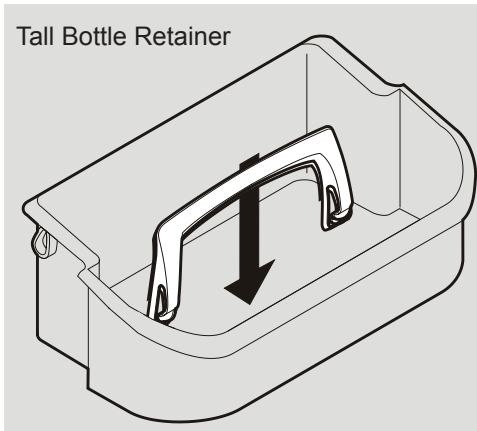
- 1 Before adjusting a bin, remove all food.
- 2 Grip the bin firmly with both hands and lift it upward.
- 3 Remove the bin.
- 4 Place the bin just above desired position.
- 5 Lower the bin onto supports until locked in place.



Accessories

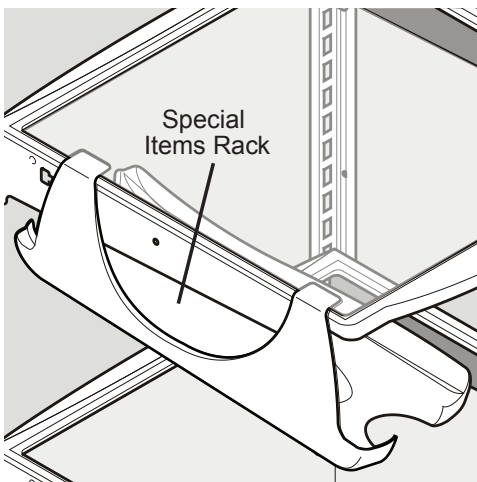
Tall Bottle Retainer

The tall bottle retainer keeps tall containers in the bin from falling forward when opening or closing the refrigerator door. To install, snap the ends of the retainer over the edge of the retainer wall as shown in the illustration.



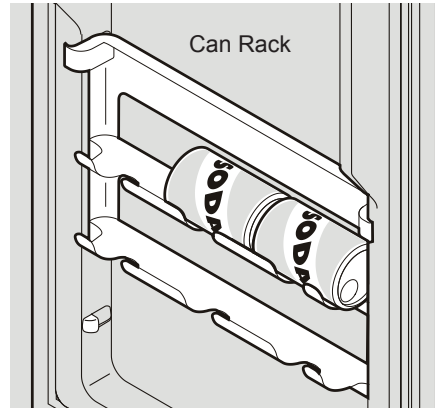
Special Items Rack

The innovative design of the special items rack allows you to store a six-pack of 12 ounce drink cans, a bottle of wine, a two-liter soft drink bottle, or a carton of eggs. To install, slide the special item rack onto the left side of any shelf as shown in the illustration.



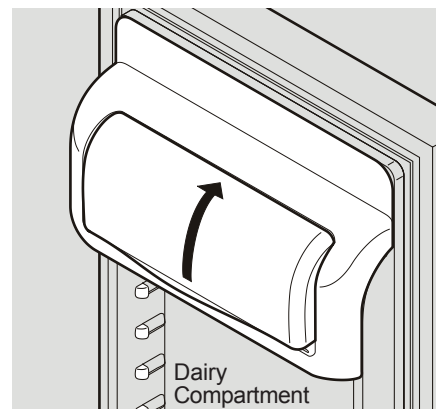
Can Rack

The can rack allows you to efficiently and securely store up to six twelve-ounce cans of beverage drink.



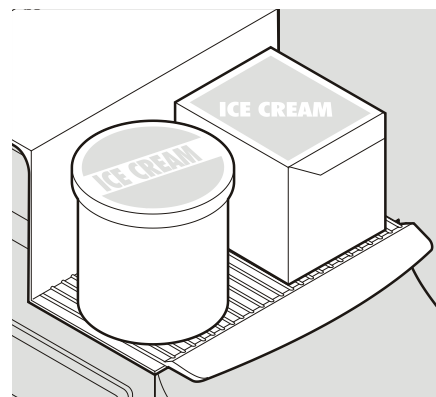
Dairy Compartment

Use the dairy compartment, at the top of the fresh food compartment door, for short term storage of cheese, spreads, or butter. The dairy compartment, which includes a lift-up cover, is designed to be warmer than the open storage area to accommodate these types of food.



Ice Cream Shelf

The ice cream shelf attaches to the top of the ice dispenser container. It allows storage of both round and rectangular cartons of your favorite ice cream.



Using The Dispenser

Your automatic ice & water dispenser includes a control panel, a drinking glass bay, and two push-paddles for turning on the ice and water supplies.

Using the dispenser control panel is necessary for the ice dispenser but not the water dispenser. The control panel also includes options for lighting, filter monitoring, and increasing the rates of ice making and freezing.

Dispensing Ice

To operate the ice dispenser, press an option for crushed or cubed ice on the control panel. Press a drinking glass against the dispensing paddle (as far up as possible to catch all the ice). To stop, pull the glass away from the dispensing paddle.

Dispensing Water

To operate the water dispenser, press a drinking glass against the dispensing paddle. To stop dispensing water, pull the glass away from the dispensing paddle.

The dispensed water is not cold. For colder water, first add crushed ice or cubes to your drinking glass.

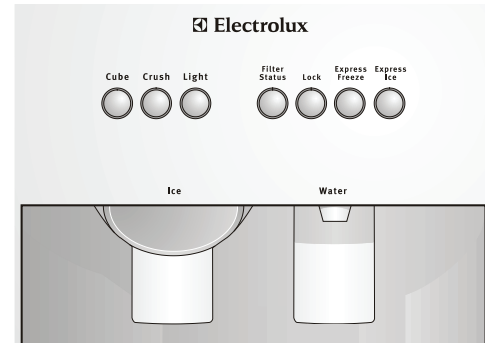
Drip Tray

A drip tray located at the base of the dispenser bay catches small spills and allows them to evaporate. This drip tray is removable for easy cleaning.



NOTE

Please do not pour excess water and ice into the drip tray. It does not have a drain.



Using The Dispenser Control Panel

| | |
|--|---|
| Cube Button & Indicator Light | Press button to get cubed ice. Light displays blue. Press glass against ice dispensing paddle, holding high up to catch all ice. |
| Crush Button & Indicator Light | Press button to get crushed ice. Light displays blue. Press glass against ice dispensing paddle, holding high up to catch all ice. |
| Light Button & Indicator Light | Press button to turn on dispenser light. Light displays blue. Press button again to turn off dispenser light. Dispenser light also turns on automatically when ice and/or water is dispensed. |
| Filter Status Button & Indicator Light | Light displays in one of three possible colors each time the dispenser is used to show status of water filter: Green Water filter does not need changing. Amber Water filter is about 80 percent used. Please order new one. Red Water filter is 100 percent used. Please change as soon as possible. After replacing the water filter, reset the filter status by pressing and holding Filter Status button for 10-15 seconds. |
| Lock Button & Indicator Light | The dispenser can be locked to prevent unwanted use. To lock, press and hold button for 3-5 seconds. Light displays blue. To unlock, press and hold button for 3-5 seconds until light goes out. |
| Express Freeze Button & Indicator Light | Press and hold button for 3-5 seconds to activate faster rate for freezing food (preserving freshness). Light displays blue. Press and hold button for 3-5 seconds again to deactivate. |
| Express Ice Button & Indicator Light | Press and hold button for 3-5 seconds to increase ice production for special occasions, such as parties. Light displays blue. Press and hold button for 3-5 seconds again to deactivate. Express Ice should produce 25 to 50 percent more ice every 24 hours. |

Priming The Water Supply System

Your refrigerator's water supply system includes several tubing lines, an advanced water filter, a distribution valve bank, and a reserve tank to ensure ample supply to the ice and water dispenser at all times. This system needs to be completely filled with water when first connected to an external supply line.

CAUTION

For proper dispenser operation, recommended water supply pressure should fall between 30 psi and 100 psi. Excessive pressure may cause water filter to malfunction.

To prime the water supply system:

1. Begin filling the tank by pressing and holding a drinking glass against the water dispenser paddle.
2. Keep the glass in this position until water comes out of the dispenser. There will be noticeable spurts and sputters as the system pushes air out through the system and dispenser nozzle. It may take about 1½ minutes.
3. Continue dispensing water for about three minutes to flush the system and plumbing connections of any impurities (stopping to empty the glass as necessary).

NOTE

The water dispenser has a built-in device that shuts off the water flow after three minutes of continuous use. To reset this shutoff device, simply release the dispenser paddle.

CAUTION

Pushing the dispensing paddle in for more than four minutes may cause the dispenser motor to overload and stop. The overload protector resets automatically after three to four minutes.

Ice Dispenser Operation & Care

The ice maker, ice bin, and dispenser feeding mechanism are located in the top of the freezer compartment. After the refrigerator is installed properly and has cooled for several hours, the ice maker can produce ice within 24 hours. It can completely fill an ice bin in about two days.

The ice maker produces 4 to 6 pounds of ice every 24 hours depending on usage conditions. Ice is produced at a rate of 8 cubes every 75 to 90 minutes.

IMPORTANT

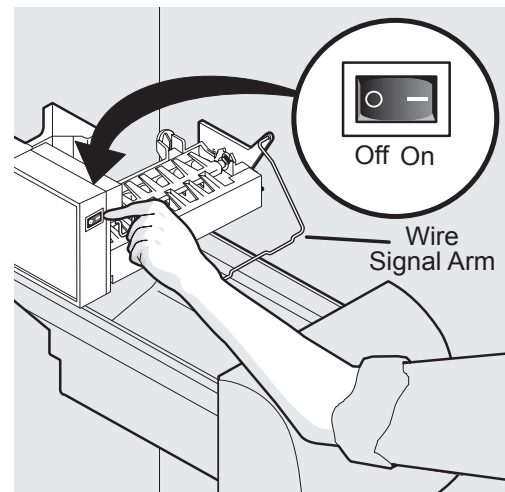
Your ice maker is shipped from the factory with the wire signal arm in the ON position (side mounted) or with the switch turned ON (rear mounted). To ensure proper function of your ice maker, hook up water supply immediately or turn ice maker OFF by turning the On/Off switch to the Off (O) position. If the ice maker is not turned off and the water supply is not connected, the water valve will make a loud chattering noise.

Using The Ice Dispenser After Installation

Before making ice for the first time, be sure to prime the water supply system. Air in new plumbing lines can result in two or three empty ice maker cycles. Furthermore, if the system is not flushed, the first ice cubes may be discolored or have an odd flavor.

Turning The Ice Dispenser On And Off

Ice production is controlled by the ice maker's On/Off power switch. To gain access to the ice maker, pull the ice cream tray out. Press the switch to the "O" position to turn it Off and press to the "I" position to turn it On.



NOTE

The ice maker also has a built-in wire signal arm, which automatically stops ice production when the ice bin is full. This signal arm should not be used to manually stop the ice maker.

➔ IMPORTANT

Small Ice cubes or ice chips jamming in the ice maker may be a sign that your water filter needs changing. If you have a side mounted ice maker you may also experience hollow cubes — partially frozen cubes with water inside. When these cubes are harvested they break open and spill water over the other ice cubes in the ice container, forming a solid mass of ice. As the water filter nears the end of its useful life and becomes clogged with particles, less water is delivered to the ice maker during each cycle. The ice maker can't fill every cube in the ice maker mold, leading to small cubes or chips that can get caught between the ice ejector blades and the stripper. **Remember, if your ice maker is jamming with small ice cubes or it's been six months or longer since you last changed your water filter – replace the water filter with a new one. Poor quality household water may require the filter to be changed more frequently.**

Ice Dispenser Tips

- Ice cubes stored too long may develop an odd flavor. Empty the ice container as explained on the next page.
- Occasionally shake the ice container to keep ice separated.
- If your refrigerator is not connected to a water supply or the water supply is turned off, turn off the ice maker by pressing the On/Off switch.
- If you need a large quantity of ice at one time, it is best to get cubes directly from the ice container.
- The following sounds are normal when the ice maker is operating:
 - Motor running
 - Ice dropping into ice container
 - Water valve opening or closing
 - Ice loosening from tray
 - Running water
- Turn off the ice maker when cleaning the freezer and during vacations.
- If you turn off the ice maker for a long period of time, you should also turn off the water supply valve.

Cleaning The Ice Dispenser

⚠ CAUTION

Chemicals from a malfunctioning water softener can damage the ice maker. If the water supply to your refrigerator is softened, be sure the softener is maintained to work properly.

Clean the ice maker and ice bin at regular intervals, particularly before you take a vacation or move.

To clean the ice dispenser:

- 1 Turn off ice production by pressing the ice maker's Off/On switch.
- 2 Remove the ice bin by lifting up and out.
- 3 Empty and carefully clean the ice bin with mild detergent. Rinse with clear water. Do not use harsh or abrasive cleaners.
- 4 Allow the ice bin to dry completely before replacing in the freezer.
- 5 Remove ice chips and clean the ice bin shelf and the freezer door chute .
- 6 Replace the ice bin. Press the ice maker's Off/On switch to resume ice production.

Remove and empty the ice storage bin if:

- An extended power failure (one hour or longer) causes ice cubes in the ice storage bin to melt and freeze together, jamming the dispenser mechanism.
- You do not use the ice dispenser frequently. Ice cubes will freeze together in the bin, jamming the dispenser mechanism.

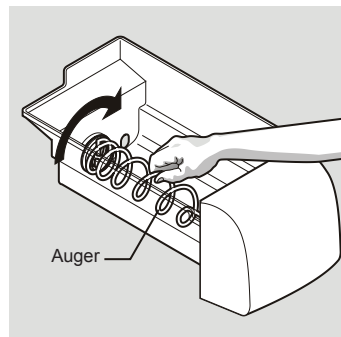
Remove the ice storage bin and shake to loosen the cubes or clean as explained above.

⚠ CAUTION

NEVER use an ice pick or similar sharp instrument to break up the ice. This could damage the ice storage bin and dispenser mechanism.

➔ IMPORTANT

When removing or replacing the ice bin, **DO NOT** rotate the auger in the ice bin. If the auger is accidentally rotated, you must realign the auger by turning it in 90° turns until the ice bin fits into place with the drive mechanism. **If the auger is not** properly aligned when replacing the ice bin, the refrigerator will only dispense Crushed Ice. The freezer door may also not close properly causing warm air to leak into the freezer.



Locating The Filters

Your refrigerator is equipped with separate water and air filtering systems. The water filter system filters all dispensed drinking water, as well as the water used to produce ice. The air filter removes odors and impurities from the refrigerator compartment.

Water Filter

The water filter is located at the top of the fresh food compartment, next to the electronic control system panel.

Air Filter (some models)

The air filter is located inside the refrigerator compartment at the top rear corner. See the earlier section in this manual for more information about when to replace the filter.

Replacing The Air Filter

In general, you should change the air filter every six months to ensure optimal filtering of refrigerator odors. You may want to adjust this time period depending on the types and amounts of food you typically store in your refrigerator. To replace your air filter:

- 1 Push the plastic bubble tab located on the side of the air filter housing. The hinged bottom half drops open.
- 2 Remove the old filter and discard it.
- 3 Unpackage the new filter and place it inside the hinged bottom half of the housing.
- 4 Push the hinged bottom half upward until the tab snaps.
- 5 Press and hold the Filter Reset button on the electronic control panel for three seconds. When the Filter OK light comes on, the status has been reset.
- 6 Press and hold the Filter Reset button for three seconds again to turn off the filter status system.

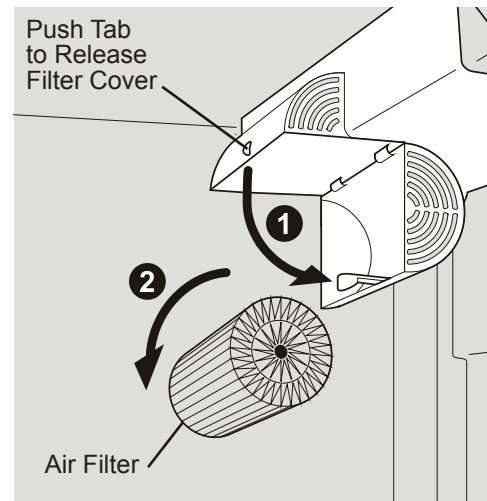
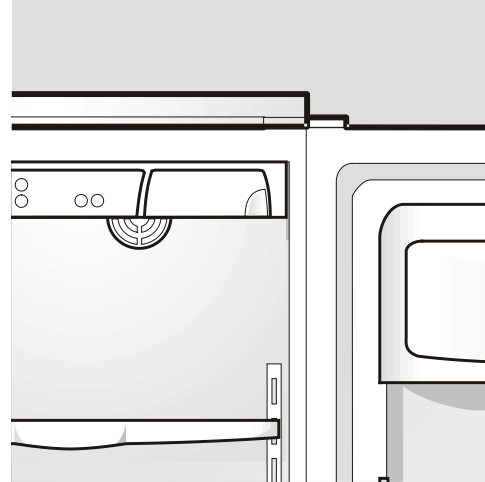


NOTE

The electronic control panel, located at the top of the refrigerator compartment, includes controls to monitor the status of your air filter. See the previous section for more information about these controls.

Replacing The Water Filter

In general, you should change the water filter every six to nine months to ensure highest possible water quality. The **Filter Status** light on the dispenser control panel prompts you to replace the filter after a standard amount of water (400 gallons for **PureAdvantage™**) has flowed through the system.



Ordering Replacement Filters

Order new filters through the dealer where you bought your refrigerator, or contact Electrolux at 1-877-808-4195, or go to our web site at www.electroluxicon.com. You may want to consider ordering extra filters when you first install your refrigerator. Here is the product number to request when ordering:

| | |
|--------------|--|
| Water Filter | FC-100 PureAdvantage™ replacement cartridge |
| Air Filter | Replacement cartridge, part # 241504902 |

NOTE

Ice jams in the ice maker and/or hollow ice cubes (partially frozen cubed with water inside), may also be a sign that your water filter needs changing.

If your refrigerator has not been used for a period of time (during moving, for example), change the filter before reinstalling the refrigerator.

NOTE

The **PureAdvantage™** ice and water system can operate without filtration if you use a bypass in place of the water filter cartridge. Please contact the Electrolux Customer Care Center at 1-877-435-3287 or visit our web site at www.electroluxicon.com to order the bypass (Part No. 240396701).

More About Your Advanced Water Filter



The **PureAdvantage™** ice and water filter systems is tested and certified by NSF International to NSF/ANSI Standards 42 and 53 for the reduction of claims specified on the performance data sheet.

This system should not be used on water that is microbiologically unsafe or with water of unknown quality unless the water has been adequately disinfected before or after the filtration system. Systems certified for cyst reduction may be used on disinfected waters that may contain filterable cysts.

NSF Test & Certification Results:

- Rated Capacity - 400 gallons
- Rated service flow - .5 gallons per minute
- Rated Pressure - Min: 30 psi, Max: 100 psi
- Operating Temp. - Min: 33° F, Max: 100° F

To replace your **PureAdvantage™** water filter:

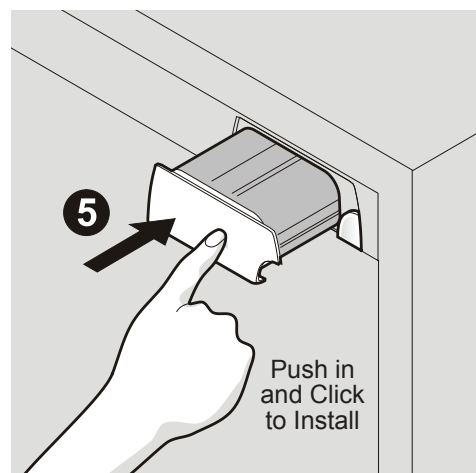
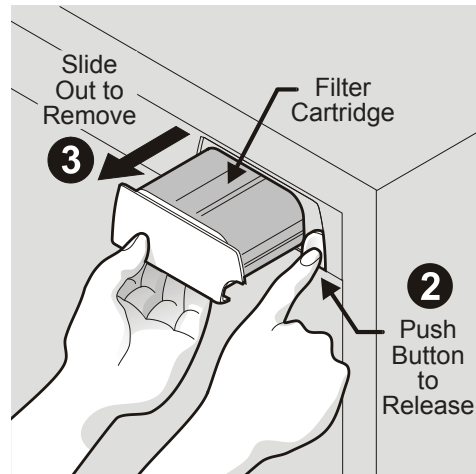
It is not necessary to turn the water supply off to change the filter. Be ready to wipe up any small amounts of water released during the filter replacement. The bottom of the filter housing includes two small water drainage holes, so be sure to remove any stored food from the top shelf.

NOTE

The o-rings on a new water filter are lubricated. To ensure a good seal, please do not remove this lubricant.

- 1 Turn Off the ice maker power switch.
- 2 Push the filter release button to the right of the cartridge to disconnect it.

- 3 Slide the old filter cartridge straight out of the housing and discard it.
- 4 Unpackage the new filter cartridge and slide it gently into the filter housing until it stops against the snap-in connector at the back of the housing.
- 5 Push firmly until the cartridge snaps into place. When fully engaged, the front of the filter cartridge should be flush with the filter release button.
- 6 Turn On the ice maker power switch.
- 7 Press a drinking glass against the water dispenser while checking for any leaks at the filter housing.
- 8 To prime filter system and purge air from water line, continue flushing. There will be noticeable spurts and sputters as the system pushes air out through the system and out the dispenser nozzle. This is normal.
- 9 Press and hold the Filter Status button on the Ice & Water Dispenser control panel for 3 seconds. The light flashes red, amber, and green to indicate the Filter Status has been reset.



Ideas For Storing Foods

Fresh Food Storage

- Keep the fresh food compartment between 34° F and 40° F with an optimum temperature of 37° F.
- Avoid overcrowding the refrigerator shelves, which reduces air circulation and causes uneven cooling.

Fruits and Vegetables

- Store fruits and vegetables in crisper drawers, where trapped moisture helps preserve food quality for longer time periods.

Meat

- Wrap raw meat and poultry securely so leakage and contamination of other foods or surfaces does not occur.
- Use the meat keeper drawer for short term storage. Any meat to be kept longer than two days should be frozen.

Frozen Food Storage

- Keep the freezer compartment at 0° F or lower.
- A freezer operates most efficiently when it is at least $\frac{2}{3}$ full.

Packaging Foods for Freezing

- To minimize food dehydration and quality deterioration, use aluminum foil, freezer wrap, freezer bags or airtight containers. Force as much air out of the packages as possible and seal them tightly. Trapped air can cause food to dry out, change color, and develop an off-flavor (freezer burn).
- Wrap fresh meats and poultry with suitable freezer wrap prior to freezing.
- Do not refreeze meat that has completely thawed.

Loading the Freezer

- Avoid adding too much warm food to the freezer at one time. This overloads the freezer, slows the rate of freezing, and can raise the temperature of frozen foods.
- Leave a space between packages, so cold air can circulate freely, allowing food to freeze as quickly as possible.
- Avoid storing hard-to-freeze foods, such as ice cream and orange juice, on the freezer door shelves. These foods are best stored in the freezer interior where the temperature varies less.

Ideas For Saving Energy

Installation

- Locate the refrigerator in the coolest part of the room, out of direct sunlight, and away from heating ducts or registers. Do not place the refrigerator next to heat-producing appliances such as a range, oven, or dishwasher. If this is not possible, a section of cabinetry or an added layer of insulation between the two appliances will help the refrigerator operate more efficiently.
- Level the refrigerator so that the doors close tightly.

Temperature Settings

- Refer to earlier sections in this Use & Care Manual for recommendations on temperature control settings.

Food Storage

- Avoid overcrowding the refrigerator or blocking cold air vents. Doing so causes the refrigerator to run longer and use more energy.
- Cover foods and wipe containers dry before placing them in the refrigerator. This cuts down on moisture build-up inside the unit.
- Organize the refrigerator to reduce door openings. Remove as many items as needed at one time and close the door as soon as possible.

Understanding The Sounds You May Hear

Your new high-efficiency refrigerator may introduce unfamiliar sounds. These sounds normally indicate your refrigerator is operating correctly. Some surfaces on floors, walls, and kitchen cabinets may make these sounds more noticeable.



NOTE

Energy efficient foam in your refrigerator is not a sound insulator.

Following is a list of major components in your refrigerator and the sounds they can cause:

- A **Evaporator** Refrigerant through the evaporator may create a boiling or gurgling sound.
- B **Evaporator Fan** You may hear air being forced through the refrigerator by the evaporator fan.
- C **Defrost Heater** During defrost cycles, water dripping onto the defrost heater may cause a hissing or sizzling sound. After defrosting, a popping sound may occur.

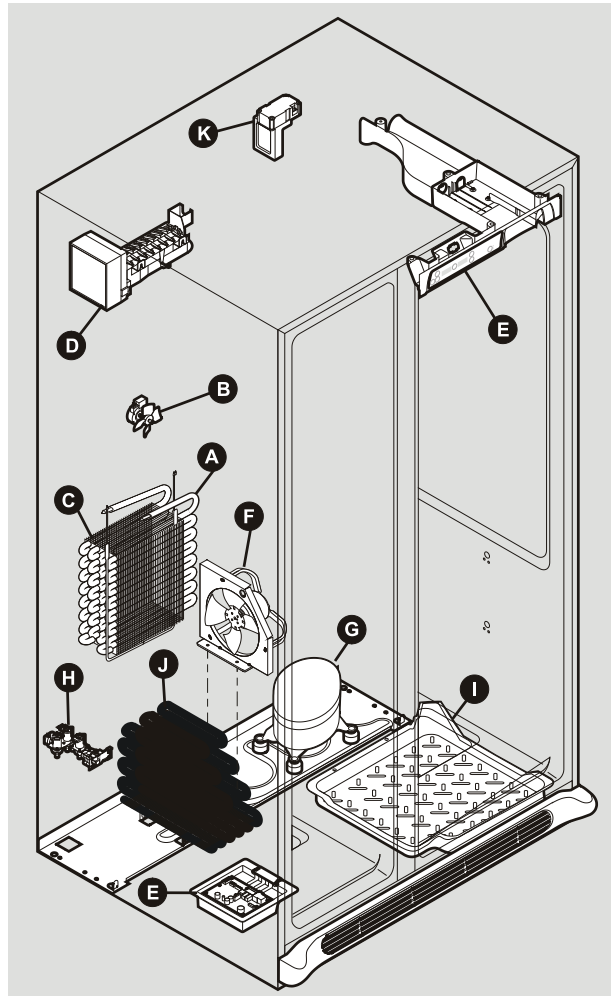


NOTE

During automatic defrost cycle, a red glow in the back wall vents of your freezer compartment is normal.

- D **Automatic Ice Maker** When ice has been produced, you will hear ice cubes falling into the ice bin.
- E **Cold Control & Automatic Defrost Control** These parts can produce a snapping or clicking sound when turning the cooling system on and off.
- F **Condenser Fan** You may hear air being forced through the condenser.
- G **Compressor** Modern, high-efficiency compressors run much faster than in the past. The compressor may have a high-pitched hum or pulsating sound.
- H **Water Valve** Makes a buzzing sound each time it opens to fill the ice maker.
- I **Drain Pan** (not removable) You may hear water dripping into the drain pan during the defrost cycle.

- J **Condenser** May create minimal sounds from forced air.
- K **Motorized Damper** May produce a light humming during operation.



Protecting Your Investment

Keeping your refrigerator clean maintains appearance and prevents odor build-up. Wipe up any spills immediately and clean the freezer and fresh food compartments at least twice a year.

When cleaning, take the following precautions:

- Never use metallic scouring pads, brushes, abrasive cleaners or strong alkaline solutions on any surface.
- Never use CHLORIDE to clean stainless steel.
- Do not wash any removable parts in a dishwasher.



NOTE

If you set your temperature controls to turn off cooling, power to lights and other electrical components continues until you unplug the power cord from the wall outlet.

- Always unplug the electrical power cord from the wall outlet before cleaning.
- Remove adhesive labels by hand. Do not use razor blades or other sharp instruments which can scratch the appliance surface.
- Do not remove the serial plate.



CAUTION

- **Pull the refrigerator straight out to move it. Shifting it from side to side may damage flooring. Be careful not to move the refrigerator beyond the plumbing connections.**
- **Damp objects stick to cold metal surfaces. Do not touch refrigerated surfaces with wet or damp hands.**



IMPORTANT

If you store or move your refrigerator in freezing temperatures, be sure to completely drain the water supply system. Failure to do so could result in water leaks when the refrigerator is put back into service. Contact a service representative to perform this operation.

Refer to the guide on the next page for details on caring and cleaning specific areas of your refrigerator.

Care & cleaning tips

| Part | Cleaning Agents | Tips and Precautions |
|--|---|--|
| Interior & Door Liners | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water • Baking soda and water | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use two tablespoons of baking soda in one quart of warm water. • Be sure to wring excess water out of sponge or cloth before cleaning around controls, light bulb or any electrical part. |
| Door Gaskets | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Wipe gaskets with a clean soft cloth. |
| Drawers & Bins | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a soft cloth to clean drawer runners and tracks. • Do not wash any removable items (bins, drawers, etc.) in dishwasher. |
| Glass Shelves | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water • Glass cleaner • Mild liquid sprays | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Allow glass to warm to room temperature before immersing in warm water. |
| Toe Grille | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water • Mild liquid sprays • Vacuum attachment | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vacuum dust from front of toe grille. • Remove toe grille (see Installation Instructions). • Vacuum backside and wipe with sudsy cloth or sponge. Rinse and dry. |
| Exterior & Handles | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water • Non abrasive glass cleaner | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do not use commercial household cleaners containing ammonia, bleach or alcohol to clean handles. • Use a soft cloth to clean smooth handles. • Do not use a dry cloth to clean smooth doors. |
| Exterior & Handles (Stainless Steel Models Only) | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soap and water • Stainless steel cleaners | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Never use CHLORIDE or cleaners with bleach to clean stainless steel. • Clean stainless steel front and handles with non-abrasive soapy water and a dishcloth. Rinse with clean water and a soft cloth. • Use a non-abrasive stainless steel cleaner. These cleaners can be purchased at most home improvement or major department stores. Always follow manufacturer's instruction. Do not use household cleaners containing ammonia or bleach. • NOTE: Always clean, wipe and dry with grain to prevent scratching. • Wash the rest of the cabinet with warm water and mild liquid detergent. Rinse well and wipe dry with a clean soft cloth. |

Vacation & moving tips

| Occasion | Tips |
|-----------------|--|
| Short Vacations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Leave refrigerator operating during vacations of three weeks or less. • Use all perishable items from refrigerator compartment. • Turn automatic ice maker off and empty ice bucket, even if you will only be gone for a few days. |
| Long Vacations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove all food and ice if you will be gone one month or more. • Turn the cooling system off (see "Controls" section for location of On/Off button) and disconnect power cord. • Turn off automatic ice maker and turn water supply valve to closed position. • Clean interior thoroughly. • Leave both doors open to prevent odors and mold build-up. Block doors open if necessary. |
| Moving | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove all food and ice. • If using handcart, load from side. • Adjust rollers all the way up to protect them during sliding or moving. • Pad cabinet to avoid scratching surface. |

Replacing Light Bulbs

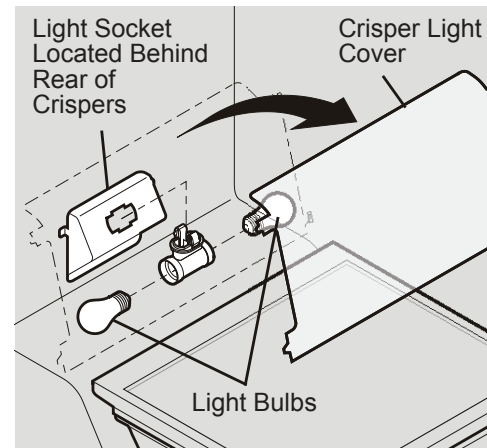
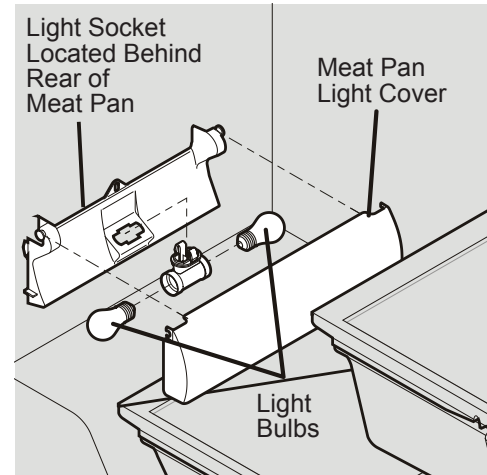
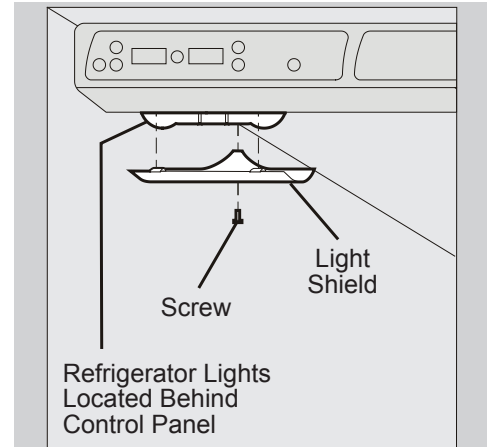
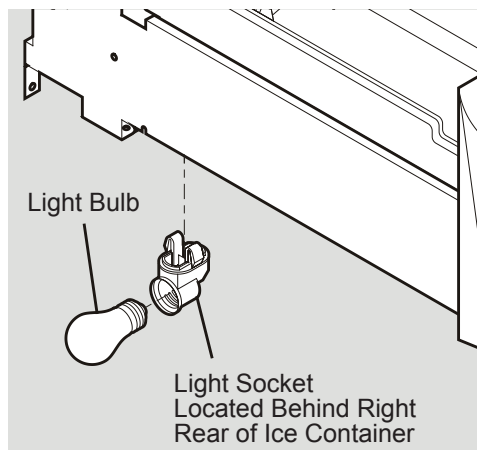
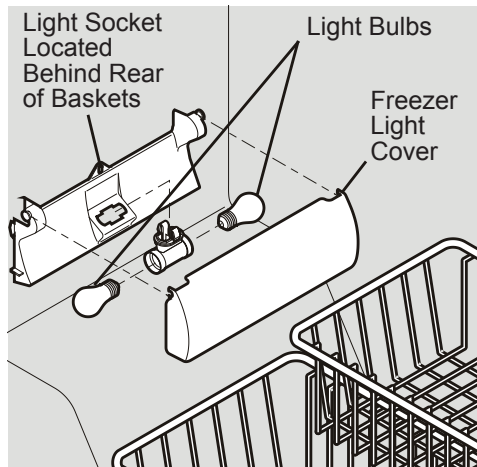
Both the freezer and fresh food compartments of your refrigerator include light bulbs that will need replacing from time to time. Some lights have covers that you will need to remove before replacing the bulbs. Always use bulbs that are designed for appliance lighting.

CAUTION

Wear gloves when replacing light bulbs to avoid getting cut.

To replace light bulbs:

- 1 Unplug your refrigerator's power cord.
- 2 Wear gloves as protection against possible broken glass.
- 3 Remove light cover, if necessary.
- 4 Unscrew and replace old bulb with an appliance bulb of the same type and wattage (normally 40 watts).
- 5 Replace light cover, if necessary.
- 6 Plug in the refrigerator's power cord.



Major Appliance Warranty Information

Your appliance is covered by a one year limited warranty. For one year from your original date of purchase, Electrolux will repair or replace any parts of this appliance that prove to be defective in materials or workmanship when such appliance is installed, used, and maintained in accordance with the provided instructions. In addition, the cabinet liner and sealed refrigeration system (compressor, condenser, evaporator, dryer or tubing) of your appliance is covered by a two through five year limited warranty. During the 2nd through 5th years from your original date of purchase, Electrolux will repair or replace any parts in the cabinet liner and sealed refrigeration system which prove to be defective in materials or workmanship when such appliance is installed, used, and maintained in accordance with the provided instructions.

Exclusions

This warranty does not cover the following:

1. Products with original serial numbers that have been removed, altered or cannot be readily determined.
2. Product that has been transferred from its original owner to another party or removed outside the USA or Canada.
3. Rust on the interior or exterior of the unit.
4. Products purchased "as-is" are not covered by this warranty.
5. Food loss due to any refrigerator or freezer failures.
6. Products used in a commercial setting.
7. Service calls which do not involve malfunction or defects in materials or workmanship, or for appliances not in ordinary household use or used other than in accordance with the provided instructions.
8. Service calls to correct the installation of your appliance or to instruct you how to use your appliance.
9. Expenses for making the appliance accessible for servicing, such as removal of trim, cupboards, shelves, etc., which are not a part of the appliance when it is shipped from the factory.
10. Service calls to repair or replace appliance light bulbs, air filters, water filters, other consumables, or knobs, handles, or other cosmetic parts.
11. Pickup and delivery costs; your appliance is designed to be repaired in the home.
12. Surcharges including, but not limited to, any after hour, weekend, or holiday service calls, tolls, ferry trip charges, or mileage expense for service calls to remote areas, including the state of Alaska.
13. Damages to the finish of appliance or home incurred during transportation or installation, including but not limited to floors, cabinets, walls, etc.
14. Damages caused by: services performed by unauthorized service companies; use of parts other than genuine Electrolux parts or parts obtained from persons other than authorized service companies; or external causes such as abuse, misuse, inadequate power supply, accidents, fires, or acts of God.

DISCLAIMER OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES; LIMITATION OF REMEDIES

CUSTOMER'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY UNDER THIS LIMITED WARRANTY SHALL BE REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT AS PROVIDED HEREIN. **CLAIMS BASED ON IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, ARE LIMITED TO ONE YEAR OR THE SHORTEST PERIOD ALLOWED BY LAW, BUT NOT LESS THAN ONE YEAR.** ELECTROLUX SHALL NOT BE LIABLE FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES SUCH AS PROPERTY DAMAGE AND INCIDENTAL EXPENSES RESULTING FROM ANY BREACH OF THIS WRITTEN LIMITED WARRANTY OR ANY IMPLIED WARRANTY. SOME STATES AND PROVINCES DO NOT ALLOW THE EXCLUSION OR LIMITATION OF INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, OR LIMITATIONS ON THE DURATION OF IMPLIED WARRANTIES, SO THESE LIMITATIONS OR EXCLUSIONS MAY NOT APPLY TO YOU. THIS WRITTEN WARRANTY GIVES YOU SPECIFIC LEGAL RIGHTS. YOU MAY ALSO HAVE OTHER RIGHTS THAT VARY FROM STATE TO STATE.

If You Need Service

Keep your receipt, delivery slip, or some other appropriate payment record to establish the warranty period should service be required. If service is performed, it is in your best interest to obtain and keep all receipts. Service under this warranty must be obtained by contacting Electrolux at the addresses or phone numbers below.

This warranty only applies in the USA, Puerto Rico and Canada. In the USA and Puerto Rico, your appliance is warranted by Electrolux Major Appliances North America, a division of Electrolux Home Products, Inc. In Canada, your appliance is warranted by Electrolux Canada Corp. Electrolux authorizes no person to change or add to any obligations under this warranty. Obligations for service and parts under this warranty must be performed by Electrolux or an authorized service company. Product features or specifications as described or illustrated are subject to change without notice.

USA

1-877-435-3287

Electrolux Major Appliances North America
10200 David Taylor Drive
Charlotte, NC 28262

Canada

1-800-265-8352

Electrolux Canada Corp.
5855 Terry Fox Way
Mississauga, Ontario, Canada L5V 3E4

Before You Call...

If you experience a problem with your refrigerator or notice a product behavior or condition you do not understand, you can usually avoid a call to your service representative by referring to this section for an answer. Beginning with the following table, this information includes common problems, causes, and suggested solutions.

Running Your Refrigerator

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--|--|---|
| Compressor does not run. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cooling system is turned Off. • Refrigerator is in defrost cycle. • Plug at wall outlet is disconnected. • House fuse blown or tripped circuit breaker. • Power outage. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn cooling system On. See Controls Section for location of cooling system On/Off button. • This is normal for a fully automatic defrost refrigerator. The defrost cycle occurs periodically, lasting about 30 minutes. • Ensure plug is tightly pushed into outlet. • Check/replace fuse with a 15 amp time-delay fuse. Reset circuit breaker. • Check house lights. Call local Electric Company. |
| Refrigerator runs too much or too long. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Room or outside weather is hot. • Refrigerator has recently been disconnected for a period of time. • Automatic ice maker is operating. • Doors are opened too frequently or too long. • Refrigerator/freezer door may be slightly open. • Freezer control is set too cold (control found in fresh food section). • Fresh food/freezer gasket is dirty, worn, cracked, or poorly fitted. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • It's normal for the refrigerator to work longer under these conditions. • It takes 8-12 hours for the refrigerator to cool down completely. • Ice maker operation causes refrigerator to run slightly more. • Warm air entering the refrigerator causes it to run more. Open doors less often. • Ensure refrigerator is level. Keep food and containers from blocking door. See Problem section, Opening/ Closing of Doors/ Drawers. • Set freezer control to warmer setting until refrigerator temperature is satisfactory. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. • Clean or change gasket. Leaks in door seal will cause refrigerator to run longer in order to maintain desired temperatures. |
| Compressor does not run. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electronic control system keeps the refrigerator at a constant temperature. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is normal. Refrigerator goes on and off to keep temperature constant. |
| Digital temperature displays are flashing. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Electronic control system has detected a performance problem. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Call your Electrolux service representative, who can interpret any messages or number codes flashing on the digital displays. |

Temperatures Are Too Cold

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|---|--|--|
| Freezer temperature too cold. Refrigerator temperature is satisfactory. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Freezer control is set too cold. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set freezer control to a warmer setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. |
| Refrigerator temperature too cold. Freezer temperature is satisfactory. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerator control is set too cold. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set refrigerator control to a warmer setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. |
| Food stored in drawers freezes. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerator control is set too cold. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See solution above. |
| Food stored in Meat Keeper freezes (some models). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meat Keeper temperature control is set too cold. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust Meat Keeper temperature control to a lower setting. Meat should be stored at a temperature just below the freezing point for maximum fresh storage time. It is normal for ice crystals to form due to the moisture content of meat. |

Temperatures Are Too Warm

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--|--|---|
| Freezer/Refrigerator temperature is too warm. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Doors are opened too frequently or too long. • Door is slightly open. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Warm air enters the refrigerator whenever the door is opened. Open the door less often. • See Problem section, Opening/Closing of Doors/Drawers. |
| Freezer temperature is too warm. Refrigerator temperature is satisfactory. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Freezer control is set too warm. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set freezer control to a colder setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. |
| Refrigerator temperature is too warm. Freezer temperature is satisfactory. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Refrigerator control is set too warm. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Set refrigerator control to a colder setting. Allow 24 hours for temperature to stabilize. |
| Temperature in the Meat Keeper is too warm (some models). | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Meat Keeper temperature control is set too warm. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Adjust Meat Keeper temperature control to a colder setting. |

Water/Moisture/Frost Inside Refrigerator

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--|--|--|
| Moisture collects on inside of refrigerator walls. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weather is hot and humid. • Door is slightly open. • Door is opened too often or too long. • Open containers. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The rate of frost buildup and internal sweating increases. • See Problem section, Opening/Closing of Doors/Drawers. • Open door less often to allow internal temperature to stabilize. • Keep containers covered. |
| Water collects on bottom side of drawer cover. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vegetables contain and give off moisture. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Moisture on the bottom side of the cover is not unusual. Move humidity control (some models) to lower setting. |
| Moisture collects in bottom of drawer. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Washed vegetables and fruit drain while in the drawer. • Fruits and vegetables are kept past their prime | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dry items before putting them in the drawer. Water collecting in bottom of drawer is normal. • Routinely clean out old fruits and vegetables especially if they begin to break down. |
| Moisture collects on outside of refrigerator or between doors. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Weather is humid. • Door is slightly open, causing cold air from inside refrigerator to meet warm air from outside. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This is normal in humid weather. When humidity is lower, the moisture should disappear. • See Problem section, Opening/Closing of Doors/Drawers. |

Perfect Temp Drawer (some models)

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|---|---|--|
| Display does not illuminate or shows "CE". | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Connector not connected or loose. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove pan and insure connector is fully engaged. (See Storage Features section) |
| Display shows "LOC" when buttons are pressed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Drawer in control lock mode. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Press and hold control lock button for three seconds to take drawer out of control lock mode. (See Storage Features section) |

Automatic Ice Maker

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--|--|--|
| Ice maker is not making any ice. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice maker power switch is Off. • Water supply is not connected to refrigerator. • Household water line valve is not open. • Freezer is not cold enough. • Valve on cold water pipe is clogged or restricted by foreign material. If valve is of the self-piercing type, it may not have created a sufficiently sized hole in tube for water to pass through. • Check to see if the water dispenser is dispensing water. • Water filter is not completely seated. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Turn on power switch. • Connect water supply (see <i>Installation Instructions</i>). • Turn on household water line valve. • See Problem section, Temperatures Are Too Warm. • Turn off household water line valve. Remove valve. Ensure that valve is not a self-piercing valve. Clean valve. Replace valve if necessary. • If not, the ice & water filter cartridge is clogged or restricted, and must be replaced. • Push firmly until the water filter snaps into place (you should hear two clicks). |
| Ice maker is not making enough ice. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice maker is producing less ice than you expect. • Freezer is not cold enough. • Household water line valve is not completely open. • Check to see if water dispenser is dispensing slower than normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice maker should produce approximately 4-5 pounds of ice every 24 hours. <i>Fast Ice</i> should produce up to 6 pounds of ice every 24 hours. • See Problem section, Temperatures Are Too Warm. • Turn on household water line valve. • If it is, replace the ice & water filter cartridge. |
| Ice maker will not stop making ice. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice maker wire signal arm is being held down by some item in the freezer. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Move item and release wire signal arm. Remove any ice cubes frozen together over wire signal arm. |
| Ice maker is not separating the ice cubes. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice cubes are not being used frequently enough. • Ice cubes are hollow or smaller than normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Remove and shake ice bin to separate cubes. • The ice & water filter cartridge may be clogged. Replace filter cartridge. |
| Ice has bad odor and taste. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ice has picked up odor or flavor from strong food stored in refrigerator or freezer. • Ice not used frequently enough. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cover foods tightly. Discard stale ice. Ice maker will produce fresh supply. • Discard stale ice. |

Ice Dispenser

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Dispenser will not dispense ice. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water supply is not connected. Ice storage container is empty. Freezer temperature is set too warm. Household water line valve is not open. Freezer door is not closed. Ice dispensing arm has been held in for more than four to five minutes. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect water supply (see Connecting The Water Supply section). Ensure ice maker is turned on. When the first supply of ice is dropped into the container, the dispenser should operate. Turn freezer control to a higher setting so that ice cubes will be made. When first supply of ice is made, dispenser should operate. Open household water line valve. Allow sufficient time for the ice to be made. When ice is made, the dispenser should operate. Ensure freezer door is closed. (See Problem Section, Opening/Closing of Doors/Drawers) Motor is overloaded. Motor overload protector will reset in approximately three minutes. Ice can then be dispensed. |
| Ice dispenser is jammed. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Ice has melted and frozen around auger due to infrequent use, temperature fluctuations, and/or power outages. Ice cubes are jammed between ice maker and back of ice container. Ice cubes are frozen together. Ice cubes are hollow or smaller than normal. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Remove ice container, thaw, and empty the contents. Clean container, wipe dry, and replace in proper position. When new ice is made, dispenser should operate. Remove ice cubes that are jamming the dispenser. Use the dispenser often so that cubes do not freeze together. The ice & water filter cartridge could be clogged. Replace the filter cartridge. Dispensing system operates best at 30-100 psi water pressure. Well water pressures should fall within this range. |

Water Dispenser

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|-------------------------------------|---|--|
| Dispenser will not dispense water. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water supply is not connected. Household water line valve is not open. Freezer door is not closed. Ice & water filter cartridge is clogged. Front filter not fully installed, if equipped | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connect water supply (see Connecting The Water Supply section). Open household water line valve. See Problem section Ice Maker Is Not Making Ice. Ensure that freezer door is closed. (See Problem Section, Opening/Closing of Doors/Drawers) Replace filter cartridge. Push filter in until you hear two "clicks". Filter should be flush with cabinet. |
| Water has an odd taste and/or odor. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Water has been in the tank for a period of time. Unit not properly connected to cold water line. Tubing used in the household water supply and installation may affect water taste and odor. Water has a high mineral content. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Draw and discard 10-12 glasses of water to freshen the supply and completely rinse out the tank. Connect unit to cold water line that supplies water to the kitchen faucet. For best results, use copper tubing for water connections. Contact water treatment plant for help in checking water supply source. |
| Water pressure is extremely low. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cut-off and cut-on pressures are too low (well systems only). Reverse osmosis system is in regenerative phase. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Have someone turn up the cut-off and cut-on pressure on the water pump system (well systems only). It is normal for a reverse osmosis system to be below 20 psi during the regenerative phase. |

Odors In Refrigerator

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--------------------|--|--|
| Interior is dirty. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Interior needs to be cleaned. • Food with strong odors is stored in refrigerator. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See Care & Cleaning Tips. • Cover food tightly. Turn on air filtration system. Air filter may need to be changed more frequently if foods with strong odors are routinely stored in refrigerator. |

Opening/Closing Of Doors/Drawers

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Door(s) will not close. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Door was closed too hard, causing other door to open slightly. • Refrigerator is not level. It rocks on the floor when moved slightly. • Refrigerator is touching a wall or cabinet. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Close both doors gently. • Ensure floor is level and solid, and can adequately support the refrigerator. Contact a carpenter to correct a sagging or sloping floor. • Ensure floor is level and solid, and can adequately support the refrigerator. Contact a carpenter to correct a sagging or sloping floor. |
| Drawers are difficult to move. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Food is touching shelf on top of drawer. • Track that drawers slide on is dirty. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep less food in drawer. • Clean drawer, runners, and tracks. See Care & Cleaning Tips. |

Light Bulb Is Not On

| Problem | Cause | Correction |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| Light bulb is not on. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Light bulb is burned out. • No electric current is reaching refrigerator. • Control system has disabled lights because one or both doors were left open too long. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • See Replacing Light Bulbs in Care and Cleaning section. • See Problem section, Running Your Refrigerator. • Close and reopen door(s) to enable lights. |
